Texas Spanish Language Arts and Reading

Grade 7

Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, discussion, and thinking--oral language. The student develops oral language through listening, speaking, and discussion. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 1	**a** listen actively to interpret a message and ask clarifying questions that build on others' ideas; 1.A
	b follow, restate, and give increasingly complex oral instructions to perform specific tasks, answer questions, or solve problems; 1.B
	c present a critique of a literary work, film, or dramatic production, employing eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, a variety of natural gestures, and conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively; 1.C
	d engage in meaningful discourse and provide and accept constructive feedback from others; and 1.D
	e develop social communication and produce oral language in contextualized and purposeful ways. 1.E
Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking--beginning reading and writing. The student develops word structure knowledge through phonological awareness, print concepts, phonics, and morphology to communicate, decode, and spell. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 2	**a** demonstrate and apply phonetic knowledge; and 2.A
	b write complete words, thoughts, and answers legibly. 2.B
Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: lis... rea... thi...	**a** use print or digital resources to determine the meaning, syllabication, pronunciation, word origin, and part of speech; 3.A
	b ...se context such as contrast or cause and effect to clarify the meaning of ...words; 3.B

Skip to main content

The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 3	**c** determine the meaning and usage of grade-level academic English words derived from Greek, Latin, and other languages, including omni, log/logue, gen, vid/vis, phil, luc, and sens/sent; un-, re-, -ly, and -er/or; and -ion/tion/sion, im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, -er (comparative), -est, and -ful; 3.C
	d identify and use words that name actions, directions, positions, sequences, and locations; 3.D
	e use multiple-meaning words, homographs, homophones, and commonly confused terms correctly; and 3.E
	f investigate expressions such as idioms and word relationships such as antonyms, synonyms, and analogies. 3.F
Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking--fluency. The student reads grade-level text with fluency and comprehension. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to use appropriate fluency (rate, accuracy, and prosody) and adjust fluency when reading grade-level text based on the reading purpose. 4	**4** Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking--fluency. The student reads grade-level text with fluency and comprehension. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to use appropriate fluency (rate, accuracy, and prosody) and adjust fluency when reading grade-level text based on the reading purpose. 4
Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking--self-sustained reading. The student reads grade-appropriate texts independently. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time. 5	**5** Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking--self-sustained reading. The student reads grade-appropriate texts independently. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time. 5

Skip to main content

sustained period of time. 5	
Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly complex texts. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 6	a establish purpose for reading assigned and self-selected texts; 6.A
	b generate questions about text before, during, and after reading to deepen understanding and gain information; 6.B
	c make and correct or confirm predictions using text features, characteristics of genre, and structures; 6.C
	d create mental images to deepen understanding; 6.D
	e make connections to personal experiences, ideas in other texts, and society; 6.E
	f make inferences and use evidence to support understanding; 6.F
	g evaluate details read to determine key ideas; 6.G
	h synthesize information to create new understanding; and 6.H
	i monitor comprehension and make adjustments such as re-reading, using background knowledge, asking questions, and annotating when understanding breaks down. 6.I
Response skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 7	a describe personal connections to a variety of sources, including self-selected texts; 7.A
	b write responses that demonstrate understanding of texts, including comparing sources within and across genres; 7.B
	c use text evidence to support an appropriate response; 7.C
	d paraphrase and summarize texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order; 7.D
	e interact with sources in meaningful ways such as notetaking, annotating, freewriting, or illustrating; 7.E
	f respond using newly acquired vocabulary as appropriate; 7.F
	g discuss and write about the explicit or implicit meanings of text; 7.G
	h respond orally or in writing with appropriate register, vocabulary, tone, and voice; and 7.H
	i reflect on and adjust responses as new evidence is presented. 7.I
MuSkip to main content listening, speaking,	nfer multiple themes within and across texts using text evidence; 8.A

reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts--literary elements. The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 8	**b analyze how characters' qualities influence events and resolution of the conflict;** 8.B **c analyze plot elements, including the use of foreshadowing and suspense, to advance the plot; and** 8.C **d analyze how the setting influences character and plot development.** 8.D
Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts--genres. The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 9	**a demonstrate knowledge of literary genres such as realistic fiction, adventure stories, historical fiction, mysteries, humor, myths, fantasy, and science fiction;** 9.A **b analyze the effect of rhyme scheme, meter, and graphical elements such as punctuation and capitalization in poems across a variety of poetic forms;** 9.B **c analyze how playwrights develop characters through dialogue and staging;** 9.C **d analyze characteristics and structural elements of informational text, including:** 9.D 1 the controlling idea or thesis with supporting evidence; 9.D.1 2 features such as references or acknowledgements, chapters, sections, subsections, bibliography, tables, graphs, captions, bullets, and numbers; and 9.D.2 3 organizational patterns that support multiple topics, categories, and subcategories; 9.D.3 **e analyze characteristics and structures of argumentative text by:** 9.E 1 identifying the claim; 9.E.1 2 explaining how the author uses various types of evidence and consideration of alternatives to support the argument; and 9.E.2 3 identifying the intended audience or reader; and 9.E.3 **f analyze characteristics of multimodal and digital texts.** 9.F
Author's purpose and craft: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking usi... stu... inc...	**a explain the author's purpose and message within a text;** 10.A **b analyze how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose;** 10.B **nalyze the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific urposes;** 10.C

Skip to main content

authors' choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts. The student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop his or her own products and performances. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 10	**d describe how the author's use of figurative language such as metaphor and personification achieves specific purposes;** 10.D **e identify the use of literary devices, including subjective and objective point of view;** 10.E **f analyze how the author's use of language contributes to mood, voice, and tone; and** 10.F **g explain the purpose of rhetorical devices such as direct address and rhetorical questions and logical fallacies such as loaded language and sweeping generalizations.** 10.G
Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts--writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 11	**a plan a first draft by selecting a genre appropriate for a particular topic, purpose, and audience using a range of strategies such as discussion, background reading, and personal interests;** 11.A **b develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing by:** 11.B 1 organizing with purposeful structure, including an introduction, transitions, coherence within and across paragraphs, and a conclusion; and 11.B.1 2 developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with specific facts, details, and examples; 11.B.2 **c revise drafts for clarity, development, organization, style, word choice, and sentence variety;** 11.C **d edit drafts using standard English conventions, including:** 11.D 1 complete simple, compound, and complex sentences with subject-verb agreement and avoidance of splices, run-ons, and fragments; 11.D.1 2 consistent, appropriate use of verb tenses; 11.D.2 3 conjunctive adverbs; 11.D.3 4 prepositions and prepositional phrases and their influence on subject-verb agreement; 11.D.4 5 pronoun-antecedent agreement; 11.D.5 6 subordinating conjunctions to form complex sentences and correlative conjunctions such as either/or and neither/nor; 11.D.6 7 correct capitalization; 11.D.7 8 punctuation, including commas to set off words, phrases, and clauses and semicolons; and 11.D.8 9 correct spelling, including commonly confused terms such as its/it's, affect/effect, there/their/they're, and to/two/too; and 11.D.9 **e publish written work for appropriate audiences.** 11.E

Skip to main content

Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts--genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that are meaningful. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 12

- **a** **compose literary texts such as personal narratives, fiction, and poetry using genre characteristics and craft;** 12.A
- **b** **compose informational texts, including multi-paragraph essays that convey information about a topic, using a clear controlling idea or thesis statement and genre characteristics and craft;** 12.B
- **c** **compose multi-paragraph argumentative texts using genre characteristics and craft; and** 12.C
- **d** **compose correspondence that reflects an opinion, registers a complaint, or requests information in a business or friendly structure.** 12.D

Inquiry and research: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student engages in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes for a variety of purposes. Based on the student's language proficiency level, the student is expected to: 13

- **a** **generate student-selected and teacher-guided questions for formal and informal inquiry;** 13.A
- **b** **develop and revise a plan;** 13.B
- **c** **refine the major research question, if necessary, guided by the answers to a secondary set of questions;** 13.C
- **d** **identify and gather relevant information from a variety of sources;** 13.D
- **e** **differentiate between primary and secondary sources;** 13.E
- **f** **synthesize information from a variety of sources;** 13.F
- **g** **differentiate between paraphrasing and plagiarism when using source materials;** 13.G
- **h** **examine sources for:** 13.H
  - 1 reliability, credibility, and bias; and 13.H.1
  - 2 faulty reasoning such as hyperbole, emotional appeals, and stereotype; 13.H.2
- **i** **display academic citations and use source materials ethically; and** 13.I
- **j** **use an appropriate mode of delivery, whether written, oral, or multimodal, to present results.** 13.J