

Sociology

Sociology

- 1 Explain the origins of sociology, the sociological perspective, research methodologies, and theoretical perspectives in sociology. SS.S.1**

- 2 Analyze and evaluate the development and evolution of culture and socialization within society. SS.S.2**

- 3 Analyze causes and effects of social inequality, theories of deviance and crime, and maintenance of social order. SS.S.3**

- 4 Examine social changes and summarize the impact on society. SS.S.4**

- 5 Trace the origins of sociology and the sociological perspective, and determine how sociology relates to the other social sciences. SS.S.5**

- 6 Identify major research methods in sociology and the ethical practices used to guide research. SS.S.6**

- 7 Compare and evaluate the theoretical perspectives of Structural Functionalism, Symbolic Interaction, and Conflict Theory. SS.S.7**

- 8 Identify the basic components of culture and evaluate the importance of culture in society. SS.S.8**

- 9 Analyze the components of cultural change and diversity (e.g., norms, beliefs, values, dehumanization, cults, multiculturalism, ethnocentrism, cultural relevance, folk culture, counterculture, subculture, and culture shock). SS.S.9**

- 10 Compare and contrast material and non-material culture. SS.S.10**

- 11 Analyze the impact of globalization on the United States and other world cultures and make predictions about future trends. SS.S.11**

- 12 Explain the components of social structure; including status, role, and social institutions. SS.S.12**

- 13 Research theories and stereotypes of poverty, and trace its relationship to geography and opportunity (e.g., access to healthcare/education, unemployment, housing.) SS.S.13**

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- 14** Identify the various social institutions in society (i.e., family, education, religion, economics, government/politics, medicine, military, law, science, and mass media). [SS.S.14](#)
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- 15** Investigate the evolution of family structures and their impact on the individual in society. [SS.S.15](#)
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- 16** Investigate aging and the process of death and dying in historical and contemporary world societies. [SS.S.16](#)
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- 17** Compare and contrast various types of societies (e.g., developed vs. underdeveloped, urban vs. rural, industrialized vs. unindustrialized). [SS.S.17](#)
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- 18** Categorize groups within a society by comparing primary and secondary groups, in and out groups, reference groups, and social networks. [SS.S.18](#)
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- 19** Analyze the components, varieties, and functions of group dynamics; including factors such as group size, leadership, and authority. [SS.S.19](#)
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- 20** Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of formal organizations and bureaucracies (e.g., unions, universities, public education, service organizations, veterans, churches). [SS.S.20](#)
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- 21** Identify and evaluate the stages of socialization; including roles and responsibilities, childhood, adolescence, and adulthood. [SS.S.21](#)
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- 22** Evaluate the factors that socialize the individual (i.e., family, marital status, peers, education, gender, ethnicity, media, religion). [SS.S.22](#)
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- 23** Describe how norms and values aid in the development of social control in society. [SS.S.23](#)
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- 24** Analyze and evaluate the causes and consequences of deviant behavior on both the individual and society. [SS.S.24](#)
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- 25** Examine the methods of social control in different types of societies and evaluate how groups and institutions promote social obedience and impose conformity. [SS.S.25](#)
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- 26** Analyze the functions and inequalities of the criminal justice system in relation to a society's construct of crime and punishment. [SS.S.26](#)
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- 27** Evaluate the effectiveness of institutions in the rehabilitation and resocialization process. [SS.S.27](#)
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- 28** Explain how unequal distribution of power and resources affects the life chance of individuals in society. [SS.S.28](#)
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- 29** Research the sources and effects of global stratification society (i.e., race, ethnicity, gender, age; and emotional, mental, and physical disabilities). [SS.S.29](#)
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- 30** List the various forms of collective behavior (e.g., crowds, riots, rumors, panics, mass hysteria, moral panics, fads, and urban legends). [SS.S.30](#)
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- 31** Evaluate the impact of technology on social change. [SS.S.31](#)
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- 32** Analyze the impact of demographic changes and changes in settlement patterns on a society (e.g., population, migration, mortality). [SS.S.32](#)
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Application

- 33 Career options.** [SS.S.33](#)
- 1 Identify careers in sociology. [SS.S.33.1](#)
 - 2 Identify resources to help select sociology programs for further study. [SS.S.33.2](#)
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- 34 Educational requirements.** [SS.S.34](#)
- 1 Identify careers in sociology. [SS.S.34.1](#)
 - 2 Identify resources to help select sociology programs for further study. [SS.S.34.2](#)
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- 35 Vocational applications of sociology.** [SS.S.35](#)
- 1 Discuss ways in which sociology addresses domestic and global issues. [SS.S.35.1](#)
 - 2 Identify careers in sociology that have evolved as a result of domestic and global issues. [SS.S.35.2](#)